



JAVASCRIPT MADE MORE ACCESSIBLE

Created by Brian Duffey

WHO AM 1?

- Brian Duffey
- 3 years consultant at michaels, ross, and cole



- 4+ years jQuery developer
- What have I used jQuery for?

WHERE ARE WE GOING?

- Introduction
 - 1. Who am I?
 - 2. Where are we going?
 - 3. What is jQuery?
 - 4. Why was it created?
 - 5. Why would you use it?
- Adding jQuery to Your Pages
 - 1. Should you host or include?
 - 2. How do you bring the library into your pages?
 - 3. How can you write your own scripts?
- Using jQuery on Your Pages
 - 1. What are selectors?
 - 2. What do you do with selected elements?
 - 3. Where do you go from here?

WHERE ARE WE GOING?

- Introduction
 - 1. Who am I?
 - 2. Where are we going?
 - 3. What is jQuery?
 - 4. Why was it created?
 - 5. Why would you use it?
- Adding jQuery to Your Pages
 - 1. Should you host or include?
 - 2. How do you bring the library into your pages?
 - 3. How can you write your own scripts?
- Using jQuery on Your Pages
 - 1. What are selectors?
 - 2. What do you do with selected elements?
 - 3. Where do you go from here?



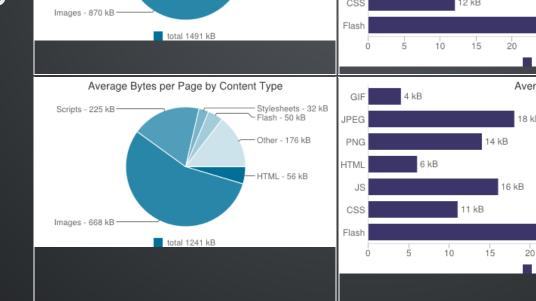
- Free, open source library
- Written over JavaScript
- Created by John Resig
- Initially released in 2006

All Sites

Images - 1104 kB

Scripts - 286 kB-

Top 1000



Flash - 76 kB

HTML - 56 kB

Stylesheets - 49 kB

Flash - 69 kB

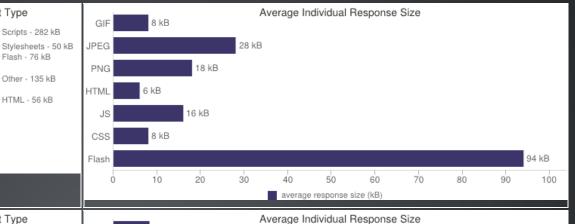
Other - 108 kB

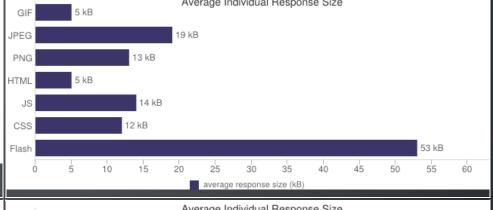
HTML - 52 kB

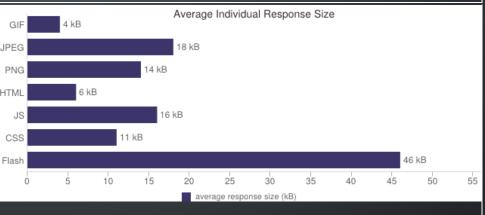
Average Bytes per Page by Content Type

total 1762 kB

Average Bytes per Page by Content Type







Top 100

JAVASCRIPT

- Very useful in modern web development
- Can be hard to learn
- Long scripts for simple functions cause readability issues

JQUERY

- Simplifies existing JavaScript functions
- Easy to learn as it uses existing CSS selectors
- Simpler to read and understand as less code is required

JavaScript Demo

```
window.onload = function () {
  var myName, greeting, elems;
  myName = prompt('What is your name?');
  greeting = document.getElementById('myName');
  str = 'Hello, ' + myName;
  greeting.innerHTML = str;
  elems = document.getElementsByTagName('input');
  for (var elem in elems) {
    if (elems[elem].type === 'button') {
      elems[elem].addEventListener('click', function () {
        changeColor(this.value, 'box')
      }, false);
};
function changeColor(color, el) {
  var elems2 = document.getElementsByTagName('div');
  for (var i = 0, j = elems2.length; <math>i < j; i++) {
    if ((' ' + elems2[i].className + ' ').indexOf(' ' + el + ' ') > -1) {
      elems2[i].style.background = color;
```

jQuery Demo

```
jQuery(function () {
    jQuery('#myName').text('Hello, ' + prompt('What is your name?'));
    jQuery('input[type="button"]').click(function () {
        changeColor(jQuery(this).val(), 'box');
    });
});

function changeColor(color, el) {
    jQuery('.' + el).css('background', color);
}
```

WHY WOULD YOU USE JQUERY?

- jQuery was the first JS library to be fully documented
- There are numerous plugins available for whatever you need
- jQuery has a very small footprint in your page 32kB
- jQuery fails gracefully when selectors not found
- jQuery has wide support for browsers
 - IE6+
 - Chrome
 - Firefox
 - Safari
 - Opera
 - Mobile iOS/Android
- JQuery is used by 93.7% of all the websites whose JavaScript library we know. This is 58.7% of all websites.

-from W3Techs,

http://w3techs.com/technologies/details/js-jquery/all/all

WHERE ARE WE GOING?

- Introduction
 - 1. Who am I?
 - 2. Where are we going?
 - 3. What is jQuery?
 - 4. Why was it created?
 - 5. Why would you use it?
- Adding jQuery to Your Pages
 - 1. Should you host or include?
 - 2. How do you bring the library into your pages?
 - 3. How can you write your own scripts?
- Using jQuery on Your Pages
 - 1. What are selectors?
 - 2. What do you do with selected elements?
 - 3. Where do you go from here?

SHOULD YOU HOST OR INCLUDE?

HOSTING

...involves downloading the jQuery library to your server, and including the library from there

- Why you might:
 - More secure
 - More reliable

SHOULD YOU HOST OR INCLUDE?

INCLUDING

...involves linking to the jQuery library from a CDN (Content Delivery Network)

- Why you might:
 - Decreased latency
 - Increased parallelism
 - Better caching

WHERE TO GET IT?

HOSTING

Download latest version from jQuery.com

INCLUDING

There are many trusted CDNs

- Google
- jQuery.com
- Microsoft

HOW DO YOU INCLUDE THE LIBRARY IN YOUR PAGES?

Use script tags, just like any other JavaScript file:

<script src="/path/to/jquery.js"></script>

Or:

<script src="//ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/1.11.0/jquery.min.js"></s</pre>

WHERE TO INCLUDE JQUERY ON YOUR PAGES?

Unlike CSS, keep *all* scripts at bottom of page Why?

- HTML Pages load from top to bottom
- Load styles as early as possible
- Delay loading of scripts until necessary

HOW CAN YOU INCLUDE YOUR OWN SCRIPTS?

Either include them inline...

```
<script>
  jQuery(someElement).doSomething();
</script>
```

...or bring them in from an external file just like jQuery

<script src="/path/to/myScript.js"></script>

HOW CAN YOU INCLUDE YOUR OWN SCRIPTS?

If bringing in/writing scripts at the top of your page, use jQuery(document).ready():

```
jQuery(document).ready(function() { /* your script in here */ });
```

This can also be shortened:

```
jQuery(function() { /* your script in here */ });
```

This allows the page to load fully before executing your script

WHERE ARE WE GOING?

- Introduction
 - 1. Who am I?
 - 2. Where are we going?
 - 3. What is jQuery?
 - 4. Why was it created?
 - 5. Why would you use it?
- Adding jQuery to Your Pages
 - 1. Should you host or include?
 - 2. How do you bring the library into your pages?
 - 3. How can you write your own scripts?
- Using jQuery on Your Pages
 - 1. What are selectors?
 - 2. What do you do with selected elements?
 - 3. Where do you go from here?

- Based on CSS selectors
- Used to select elements from the DOM
- Returns zero, one, or more objects that match
- Takes the form: jQuery('div')

jQuery('div')

- Calls the jQuery library
- Commonly written as \$
- Avoid conflicts with other libraries by using jQuery

jQuery('div')

- Selects some element
- jQuery reads string value to determine element
- Can be a literal (like 'div') or variable (like someElement)

Single Selectors

• Element:

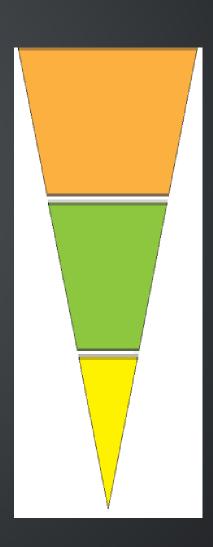
Selector	Element
div	<div></div>
р	
span	

• Class:

Selector	Element
.someClass	<div class="someClass"></div>

• ID:

Selector	Element
#someID	<div id="someID"></div>



Multiple Selectors

• Selectors can be combined to limit objects returned:

```
jQuery('div p')
```

Use attributes to filter objects:

```
jQuery('input[name="myInput"]')
```

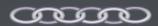
• Use extension selectors if needed:

```
jQuery('div:first')
```

Traversing the DOM

- Good markup will allow you to easily select an object or objects
- Sometimes this is not possible
- Instead, you can "walk the DOM" to find the object
- This is done with various jQuery functions, such as:
 - .parent()
 - .children()
 - .find()
 - filter()
 - .after()
 - .before()

Chaining



Putting it all together

- Often, selectors are 80% of jQuery
- Sometimes your element will have an ID and be simple to select
- Other times you will have to walk the DOM a bit to select it
- Here is a good visual of various selectors

OK, SO NOW WHAT?

We've selected the heck out of our elements

Now it's time to do something with them

In general, the four areas you might focus on are:

- 1. Modifying changing some element
- 2. Manipulating changing the page around some element
- 3. Listening responding to events on some element
- 4. Animating Moving or transforming some element

Involves changing the selected element(s) in some way

- .css()
- .remove()
- .attr()

.css()

- Used for getting/modifying css of selected element(s)
- Getting:

```
jQuery('div').css('color');
```

• Setting:

```
jQuery('div').css('color', 'red');
```

.remove()

• Used for removing element(s) from the DOM

```
jQuery('.hello').remove();

jQuery('div').remove('.hello');
```

.attr()

- Used for getting/modifying attributes of selected element(s)
- Getting:

```
jQuery('div').attr('id');
```

• Setting:

```
jQuery('div').attr('id', 'divID');
```

Involves changing the DOM directly

- .append()/.prepend()
- .clone()
- .load()

.append() / .prepend()

 Allows you to insert an element after/before each selected element(s)

```
jQuery('div').append('p');
jQuery('p').prepend('span');
```

.clone()

Allows you to copy the selected element(s)

```
jQuery('div').clone();

jQuery('p').clone(true);
```

.load()

 Allows you to insert data from a different page into the selected element(s)

```
jQuery('div').load('/path/to/differentPage.html');
```

Involves calling some code after some event on the selected element(s) happens

- .click()
- .hover()
- .change()

.click()

Allows you to run something when the element(s) is clicked

```
jQuery('div').click(function() {
   /* do something here */
});

jQuery('p').click();
```

.hover()

 Allows you to run something when the element(s) is hovered over with the mouse

```
jQuery('div').hover(function() {
  /* do something here */
}, function() {
  /* do something else here */
});
```

.change()

Allows you to run something when the element(s) is changed

```
jQuery('input').change(function() {
   /* do something here */
});

jQuery('select').change();
```

Involves moving/redrawing the element(s) on the page

- .hide()/.show()/.toggle()
- .slide()
- .fade()

.hide()/.show()/.toggle()

Allows you to hide/show/toggle the selected element(s)

```
jQuery('div').hide();

jQuery('div').show(500);

jQuery('div').toggle('fast');
```

.slideUp() / .slideDown() / .slideToggle()

 Allows you to hide/show/toggle the selected element(s) with a sliding motion

```
jQuery('div').slideUp();

jQuery('div').slideDown(500);

jQuery('div').slideToggle('fast');
```

.fadeOut() / .fadeIn() / .fadeToggle()

 Allows you to hide/show/toggle the selected element(s) with a fading motion

```
jQuery('div').fadeOut();

jQuery('div').fadeIn(500);

jQuery('div').fadeToggle('fast');
```

WHERE ARE WE GOING?

- Introduction
 - 1. Who am I?
 - 2. Where are we going?
 - 3. What is jQuery?
 - 4. Why was it created?
 - 5. Why would you use it?
- Adding jQuery to Your Pages
 - 1. Should you host or include?
 - 2. How do you bring the library into your pages?
 - 3. How can you write your own scripts?
- Using jQuery on Your Pages
 - 1. What are selectors?
 - 2. What do you do with selected elements?
 - 3. Where do you go from here?

LINKS

- My information: www.mrc-productivity.com/Services/Brian_Duffey.html
- Slides: www.mrc
 - productivity.com/Duffey/slides/IntroTojQuery.html
- Other resources: www.mrc-productivity.com/Duffey/COMMON14.html
 - Firebug
 - jsFiddle
 - jQuery.com
 - StackOverflow

CREDITS

- http://ejohn.org/apps/workshop/intro/#3
- http://jsfiddle.net/
- http://encosia.com/3-reasons-why-you-should-let-googlehost-jquery-for-you/
- https://github.com/hakimel/reveal.js#installation
- http://davidwalsh.name/6-reasons-to-use-javascript-librariesframeworks
- http://jquery.com/
- http://stackoverflow.com/
- http://httparchive.org/interesting.php
- http://w3techs.com/technologies/details/js-jquery/all/all